

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

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JAMES W. WARR

DIRECTOR November 13, 2001

> Ronald M. Levy **BRAC** Environmental Coordinator Environmental Office, 291 Jimmy Parks Blvd. **US Army Garrison** Fort McClellan, Alabama 36205

RE: **ADEM Review and Concurrence:** Final Site Investigation Report and Decision Document for the Training Aids Building (Building 267)-Parcel 166(7), dated September 2001, Fort McClellan, Calhoun County, Alabama

Dear Mr. Levy:

The Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM or the Department) has reviewed both the Final Site Investigation Report and Decision Document for the Training Aids Building (Building 267)-Parcel 166(7), both dated September 2001 for Fort McClellan.

The subject documents were discussed during the Base Realignment and Closure Team (BCT) review meeting on June 27, 2001. During the BCT review meeting, the Department provided its comments on both documents in an interactive manner such that the Army and BCT stakeholders could jointly resolve the Department's comments. The Department's comments are noted in the documented minutes of this meeting.

An overview of the discussion that took place during the June BCT meeting is presented below. The following is a paraphrased narrative of the meeting minutes issued by IT Corporation (IT) on July 17, 2001:

Training Aids Building (Building 267): Parcel 166(7)- IT removed the sump from this building and sampled the side walls and floor of the excavation, along with 3 groundwater samples from existing monitoring wells. The analyses revealed some metals slightly above background levels.

The potential threat to human receptors is expected to be low. In soils, only iron (in one sample) and aluminum (in two samples) exceeded site-specific screening levels (SSSLs) and their respective background concentrations. However, the concentrations of these metals were within the range of background values and do not pose an unacceptable risk to human health. Volatile organic compound (VOC) and semivolatile organic compound (SVOCs) concentrations in soils were below SSSLs.

In groundwater, three metals (antimony, iron, and manganese) exceeded SSSLs. However, with the exception antimony in one sample, the concentrations of these metals were below their respective background concentrations or were within the range of background values. The antimony exceeded was flagged with a "B" data qualifier, suggesting that the metal is an artifact Mr. Ronald M. Levy November 13, 2001 Page 2

of a laboratory QA/QC error. Antimony was not detected in any of the other soil or groundwater samples collected at the site.

The pesticide 4,4'-DDT (0.00011 milligrams per liter [mg/L]) marginally exceeded its SSSL (0.000109 mg/L) in one groundwater sample (FTA-166-MW01). 4,4'-DDT was not detected in the other groundwater samples collected at the site. Based on its low concentration and limited spatial distribution at the site, 4,4'-DDT is not expected to pose an unacceptable human health risk.

Five metals were detected in surface soils at concentrations exceeding ecological screening values (ESVs) but below background concentrations. In addition, three VOCs (1,2-dimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, and xylenes) were detected at concentrations (less than 0.2 milligrams per kilogram [mg/Kg]) exceeding ESVs in one surface soil sample. However, the potential impact to ecological receptors is expected to be minimal base on the lack of existing viable habitat at this site. The site is located within the developed portion of the Main Post, has limited grassy areas, and is projected for industrial reuse. Viable ecological habitat is presently limited and is not expected to increase in the future land-use scenario.

As discussed in the meeting and as presented in the Final Site Investigation Report and accompanying Decision Document, it appears that this parcel does not pose a substantial risk to potential human and ecological receptors. The Department understands that this Decision Document is an Army-lead document under the signatory approval of the Army. However, the Department concurs with the BCT's recommendation that this site warrants no further action and an unrestricted use designation.

For any questions or concerns regarding this matter please contact Mr. Philip Stroud at 334-270-5646 or via email at pns@adem.state.al.us.

Sincerely,

Stephen A. Cobb, Chief Hazardous Waste Branch

Land Division

SAC/ps

cc: Mr. Doyle Brittain/EPA Region 4

Mr. Ellis Pope/USA COE, Mobile District

Mr. Jim Grassiano/ADEM

Mr. Mark Harrison/ADEM

File: ADEM Land Division/Hazardous Waste Branch/Fort McClellan, Correspondence, 2001



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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October 16, 2001

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4WD-FFB

Mr. Ron Levy BRAC Environmental Coordinator U.S. Army Garrison Environmental Office Building 215, 15th Street Fort McClellan, AL 36205-5000

SUBJ: 1) Final Site Investigation Report for the Training Aids Building (Bldg 267), Parcel 166(7), &

2) Final Decision Document for the Training Aids Building (Bldg 267), Parcel 166(7) Fort McClellan

Dear Mr. Levy:

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has reviewed the subject document and agrees with it as written. EPA approves the subject document. If you have any questions, please call me at (404) 562-8549.

Sincerely,

Doyle [I] Brittain

Senior Remedial Project Manager

cc: Lisa Kingsbury, Ft. McClellan Ellis Pope, USA/COE Phil Stroud, ADEM Jeanne Yacoub, IT Daniel Copeland, CEHNC-OE-DC Maj. Wayne Sartwell, ALANG Maj. Bernie Case, ALANG